Andi Lloyd 9.27.2020, UCofH Matthew 21:23-32

I used to be afraid of church.

I admitted this one dayto a dear friend.

"I believe in God," I told him,

"and I don't know what to do about that."

He offered a suggestion.

"You could go to church."

I considered it.

For about 15 seconds.

Before telling him

that no, I couldn't.

I couldn't go to church, I told him, until I figured out what I believed.

He was very patient with me. "Uh-huh," he replied.

"Or, just a thought you could go to church to help you figure out what you believe. That's one of the things that church is really good at."

I was unconvinced.

I was an academic: a professor.

I'd spent my life in a world that values expertise: where being good meant having the right answers. And I assumed that church worked the same way: that people who were good at church had the right answers about church.

And me?

I still had studying to do.

I had been running from church, trying to evade a persistent belief in God, for more than thirty years.

I had been hiding out deep in a spiritual wilderness.

And so I was pretty confident that I would not pass the entrance examI believed waited for me inside the doors of church.

So I stayed away for a few more years.

As you may have guessed, I did eventually muster the courage to enter a church.

And I quickly learned that I was wrong about a LOT of what I thought I knew about church.

For one, there was no entrance exam.

There were answers, yes,

but mostly what I found in church

were people asking questions,

people open to be changed by the answers they found,

people committed to the world

being changed.

That willingness to be changed is at the heart of where Jesus leads us in today's Gospel lesson. We find Jesus in Jerusalem,

arguing with the authorities about authority.

His own.

This is an ongoing theme in Matthew's Gospel: that Jesus' authority to teach, to heal, is recognized by everyone but the authorities.

That theme is speeding towards resolution here, the day after Jesus has arrived in Jerusalem for the first time, as Matthew tells it.

His arrival has initiated a series of confrontations with the authorities that will culminate, a few days hence, with his arrest and crucifixion.

All of that is to say:

this is a high-stakes debate.

Where today's Gospel lesson begins, Jesus has returned to Jerusalem after spending the night in Bethany.

The chief priests and elders are waiting for him in the Temple.

The discussion that ensues boils down to this.

Who is authentically speaking

the word of God?

Jesus' response – answering their question with a question of his own isn't an attempt to change the subject. He's answering them by pointing to John the Baptist and through John to the entire prophetic tradition: to the long line of people who spoke God's truth to authorities who seldom wanted to hear it but who ignored it at their own peril.

It's an edgy answer, to say the least.

And when they reply to his question with an unconvincing "we don't know," he answers them with a parable.

The basic premise of the parable may sound familiar to anyone who has been a parent or a child. Dad comes in and asks for some help with some chores out in the vineyard.

Kid number one stretched out comfortably on the couch doing nothing, rolls his eyes and says "can't you see I'm in the middle of something?"

Kid number two says "sure, happy to," and then starts playing X-Box and forgets the conversation ever happened.

Kid number one, meanwhile,

has a change of heart

and goes and does the thing after all.

So, the question to the elders and the priests is: which son did the father's will?

The answer's kind of obvious.

And the authorities get Jesus' question right: the first son ultimately did the will of the father.

*And* in getting it right, the priests and elders reveal what they've gotten wrong.

They knew the right answer.

But they weren't living it.

They knew what a person *should* do on hearing

a prophetic word: listen, react, be changed.

Like the first son.

Jesus makes clear, then,

that they also know

what they should have done

when they heard John the Baptist preach.

"even after you saw it, you did not change your minds and believe him," Jesus says to them.

As much as they knew about the rules of pious living, they were farther from the kingdom of God than tax collectors and prostitutes: folks who maybe didn't have it all figured out but who listened.

Who let themselves be changed.

It's easy, hearing this parable,

to fault the authorities –

to call out ... their hypocrisy.

And to be sure, calling out the hypocrisy of those in power is an important part of Jesus's work and of ours. But this parable also calls us

to look at ourselves.

This is a disruptive story. It's meant to disturb the comfortable.

It very uncomfortably calls us to ask ourselves whether we are just hearing Jesus's words, letting them slide on through us, or whether we are letting them inhabit us, *change* us, get us up off of whatever comfortable spiritual couch we're relaxing on.

Matthew poses this question in the language of the kingdom of God.

In Matthew's Gospel, the Kingdom of God is not a distant place away from here. It's not heaven, up in the clouds.

And it's not even a specific, discrete time, really.

It's more a description of the world as it ought to be: the world as it *will* be when God's will as revealed through Jesus Christis done:

the world in which justice and true righteousness prevail,

the gloriously upside-down world that Jesus proclaims: the one where mourners are blessed, mercy has the last word, and the least of us is greatest. It's the world to which we draw near whenever we do the work of Jesus: the work of justice, of healing, the work of transforming the world as we ourselves continue to be transformed.

Kingdom work.

This parable points us out into the vineyard, at that work that God, through Christ, calls us to do.

What does it mean in our own lives, then,

for us to be the first son?

That's the question we're left to wrestle with: how are Jesus's words trying to change me? Where am I maybe a little bit

too comfortable?

The answer's going to be different for each of us.

I've been thinking a lot, this week, about what this parable is asking of me in the context of this moment, and the kingdom work that lies ahead of us here and now.

I hear it in terms of racial justice and the gap between this world we inhabit and the just world that God wills.

This parable asks me: How do I, as a white person, need to change to live in a way that advances that kind of justice? In what ways am I hearing today's calls for righteousness and racial justice and, like the second son, leaning back in the comfort of my privilege and failing to act?

And I hear it in terms of climate change and the gap between this burning, thawing world and the harmony and integrity of creation that God wills.

How do I, as an American consumer, need to change to move us closer to that world?

In what ways am I hearing the call for systemic changes in how we live on this planet and, like the second son, turning away back to my life of material comfort, failing to act? Yes, this parable issues a challenge to hypocritical and corrupt authority.

And it demands

that I get my own house in order.

And the questions it asks are not ones we can answer once and be done with.

They're the work of a lifetime.

The *hard* work of a lifetime.

But the parable also offers good news.

Jesus lands on *change*.

That's astonishing, really.

The good news of this parable

is that we don't have to get it right the first time.

The parable seems to assume that we won't: there's no third child in this parable who had it all figured out.

There are just different versions of getting it wrong.

The tax collectors and the prostitutes didn't have it all figured out.

But they listened to John.

And they let themselves be changed by what they heard.

That mattered more to Jesus than whatever they were doing before.

Artist and theologian Jan Richardson writes that the vineyard in this parable is a place of God's wild grace.

This is a demanding story, and it's a story full of grace: the grace that changes us, that equips us to do the work of bringing about God's kingdom on this earth.

Our path is that of the first son.

The one who listens.

And then changes his mind.

And gets up and gets to work.

Kingdom work.

And no, it's not an easy path.

Change never is.

But friends, we don't walk it alone.

That's something church is really good at, too.

Walking hard roads together.

We walk this one together.

And we walk it with God,

by whose grace we are changed.

The theologian Walter Brueggemann puts it this way.

What matters, he says,

"is not that we have this hard work to do.

The news is that God is at work

and we are being transformed, being acted upon,

being addressed, cared for, suffered over,

bothered by the very power and purpose of God."

And thanks be to God for that.

Amen.